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towns situated in the neighborhood of Mazatlan they have been energetically handled and their further propagation has been avoided.

The governors of Sonora and Durango and the Jefe politico of the territory of Tepic have efficaciously cooperated in preventing the irruption of the malady into their several jurisdictions.

In order to combat the malady at the port of Mazatlan curative and preventive serums were ordered from Europe and the United States; steam disinfectors and other articles were sent from this capital, and at Mazatlan all the sanitary services demanded by the circumstances, counseled by science and prescribed by law, were organized with zeal and success.

These measures have been as efficacious as could have been expected, seeing that they have the epidemic under control and have prevented its propagation; but the city of Mazatlan, the most important of our Pacific ports, has suffered enormous harm, which it is not yet easy to estimate in all its magnitude. The State of Sinaloa, of which Mazatlan is the chief commercial center, has also suffered heavily.

This event has brought out the sentiments of fraternity that bind the States of the Republic together. The inhabitants of all its towns have given promptly and liberally from their resources to their afflicted brethren, thus responding to the appeal of the Mazatlan charity committee. The national committee, which was organized in this capital, has sent to the port in question over \$300,000, which has enabled an active and profitable campaign to be instituted against the epidemic. It is a pleasure to state that the foreign colonies figure in the foremost rank of the contributors.

New sanitary code.

On January 15 last the new sanitary code, amended by the executive under powers granted it, was put into operation. The amendments which it contains are based on ten years' practice and the progress of science.

Report from Coatzacoalcas—Smallpox.

Consular Agent Stubbs reports, April 4, as follows: Smallpox is reported epidemic from a number of small towns just off the line of the Tehuantepec National Railroad from Salina Cruz to Santa Lucrecia, a distance of 108 miles.

Sanitary conditions in certain localities.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Grubbs, at Guaymas, reports, April 16, that conditions are satisfactory at San José del Cabo, Topolobampo, Altata, Culiacan, and Santa Rosalia.